Financial Statements
With Supplemental Information
February 28, 2005

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Audit Date 2/28/05				oinion I 0/12			Date Account 1/17/06	ant Report Subm	itted to State:	<u> </u>		
accordar	nce with the	he S	Statements	s of	the Govern	local unit of one of the control of	unting Stand	lards Board	(GASB) and	the Uniform	Repo	ents prepared i
We affirm			,, ,,	- 11 4	٠							
						ıdits of Local U		ernment in Mi	<i>chigan</i> as revi	sed.		
						d to practice in						
	er affirm th ts and rec				responses h	nave been disc	closed in the	financial state	ements, includ	ling the note	es, or ir	the report of
You mus	t check the	app	licable bo	x for	each item b	pelow.						
Yes	✓ No	1.	Certain o	comp	onent units/	/funds/agencie	es of the loca	I unit are exc	luded from the	e financial s	tateme	ents.
Yes	₽ No	2.	There ar 275 of 19			deficits in one	e or more of	this unit's un	reserved fund	d balances/r	etained	d earnings (P.A
∠ Yes	☐ No	3.	There ar		stances of	non-compliand	ce with the	Uniform Acco	ounting and E	Budgeting A	ct (P.A	a. 2 of 1968, a
Yes	✓ No	4.				ted the condi				the Munici	pal Fir	nance Act or it
Yes	✓ No	5.				osits/investme 1], or P.A. 55 o				y requireme	ents. (F	P.A. 20 of 1943
Yes	✓ No	6.	The local	l unit	: has been d	lelinquent in di	istributing ta	revenues th	at were collec	ted for anoth	ner tax	dng unit.
Yes	₽ No	7.	pension	bene	efits (normal	ed the Consti costs) in the normal cost re	current yea	r. If the plan i	is more than	100% funde	d and	ent year earned the overfunding r).
Yes	₽ No	8.	The loca			lit cards and	has not add	pted an appl	licable policy	as required	by P.	A. 266 of 1995
Yes	✓ No	9.	The local	l unit	has not add	opted an inves	stment policy	as required b	y P.A. 196 of	1997 (MCL	129.95	i) .
We have	enclosed	l the	following	g:					Enclosed	To B		Not Required
The lette	er of comm	ents	and recor	mme	ndations.							✓
Reports	on individu	ıal fe	deral fina	ncial	assistance	programs (pro	ogram audits).				·
Single A	udit Repor	ts (A	SLGU).									·
	ublic Account			pso	n & Dickin	son PC						
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Accountant	t Signature	1	_	0	them	4	PA			Date 1/17/06		

February 28, 2005

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Independent Auditor's Report

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Library Board Lake Odessa Community Library Lake Odessa, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lake Odessa Community Library as of and for the year ended February 28, 2005, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Lake Odessa Community Library's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lake Odessa Community Library as of February 28, 2005 and respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 1, the Library has implemented a new financial reporting model, as required by the provisions of the GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements* – and *Management's Discussion and Analysis* – for State and Local Governments, as of March 1, 2004.

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The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3 through 8 and 23 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Lake Odessa Community Library's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

BIGGS, HAUSSERMAN, THOMPSON & DICKINSON, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

October 12, 2005

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Management's Discussion and Analysis February 28, 2005

This section of the Lake Odessa Community Library's annual financial report represents our discussion and analysis of the Library financial performance. It is intended to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, provide an overview of the Library's financial activity, identify changes in the Library's financial position and its ability to address the next and subsequent year challenges. This is a requirement of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34 (GASB 34) "Basic Financial Statements – and Managements Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments" and is intended to provide the financial results for the fiscal year ending February 28, 2005. This is the first year of GASB 34 implementation.

Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Lake Odessa Community Library financially as a whole. The *Government-wide Financial Statements* provide information about the activities of the whole Library, presenting both an aggregate view of the Library finances and a longer-term view of those finances. The fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements look at the Library's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the Library's most significant funds, the General Fund and the Capital Projects Fund- with all other funds presented in one column as nonmajor funds. The annual report is organized as follows:

Management's Discussion & Analysis (MD&A) (Required Supplemental Information)

Basic Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

Fund Financial Statements

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

(Required Supplemental Information)
Budgetary Information for Major Funds

Reporting the Library as a Whole - Government-wide Financial Statements

One of the most important questions asked about the Library is, "Is the Library as a whole better off or worse off financially as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, which appear first in the Library's financial statements, report information on the Library as a whole and its activities in a way that helps you answer this question. We prepare these statements to include *all* assets and liabilities, using the *accrual basis of accounting*, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Management's Discussion and Analysis February 28, 2005

These two statements report the Library's net assets- the difference between assets and liabilities, as reported in the Statement of Net Assets - as one way to measure the Library's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Library's net assets - as reported in the Statement of Activities - are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The relationship between revenues and expenses is the Library's operating results. However, the Library's goal is to provide services to our residents, not to generate profits as commercial entities do. One must consider many other nonfinancial factors, such as the quality of the information provided.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities report the governmental activities for the Library, which encompass all of the Library's services. Property taxes and State penal fines finance most of these activities.

Reporting the Library Most Significant Funds – Fund Financial Statements

The Library's fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most *significant funds* - not the Library as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, the Library establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (like the Capital Projects Fund) or to show that it's meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money. The governmental funds of the Library use the following accounting approach:

Governmental funds - All of the Library's services are reported in governmental funds. Governmental fund reporting focuses on showing how money flows into and out of funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. They are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial* assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term view* of the operations of the Library and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Library's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental *funds in a* reconciliation.

Management's Discussion and Analysis February 28, 2005

The Library As A Whole

The Statement of Net Assets provides the perspective of the Library as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the Library net assets as of February 28, 2005. Since this is the first year the Library has prepared financial statements following GASB Statement 34, comparison to fiscal year 2004 is not available.

Table 1:

Net Assets February 28, 2005

	vernmental Activities
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 157,340 211,368
Total assets	\$ 368,708
Current and other liabilities Long-term liabilities Total liabilities	\$ 17,173 71,602 88,775
Net assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted Total net assets	\$ 127,093 152,840 279,933

The above analysis focuses on the net assets (see Table 1). The change in net assets (see Table 2) of the Library governmental activities is discussed below. The Library's net assets were \$279,933 at February 28, 2005. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt totaling \$127,093 compares the original cost, less depreciation of the Library capital assets to long-term debt, used to finance the acquisition of those assets. Most of the debt will be repaid from voter-approval property taxes collected as the debt service comes due. Restricted net assets are reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the Library's ability to use those net assets for day-to-day operations. The remaining amount of net assets, \$152,840, was unrestricted.

Management's Discussion and Analysis February 28, 2005

The \$152,840 in unrestricted net assets of governmental activities represents the *accumulated* results of all past years' operations. The operating results of the General Fund will have a significant impact on the change in unrestricted net assets from year to year.

The results of this year's operations for the Library as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities (Table 2), which shows the changes in net assets for fiscal year 2005. Since this is the first year the Library has prepared financial statements following GASB Statement 34, revenue and expense comparison to fiscal year 2004 is not available.

TABLE 2

	Governmental Activitie		
Revenues			
Program revenues			
Charges for services	\$	5.645	
Grants and Catagoricals		4,924	
General Revenues		.,	
Property taxes		162,689	
Penal fines		36,811	
Other general revenues		8,541	
Total revenues		218,610	
Functions/Program Expenses			
Culture and recreation		162,922	
Interest on long-term debt		4,005	
Total expenses		166,927	
Increase (decrease) in net assets	\$	51,683	

As reported in the Statement of Activities, the cost of all of our *governmental* activities this year was \$166,927. Certain activities were partially funded by those who benefited from service (5,645), governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and catagoricals (\$4,924). We paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of our governmental activities with \$162,689 in taxes, \$36,811 in state penal fines, and with our other revenues, like interest and other revenues.

The Library experienced an increase in net assets of \$51,683.

As discussed above, the net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the State and the Library taxpayers. Since property taxes for operations and penal fines constitute the vast majority of Library's operating revenue sources, the Library Board and Administration must annually evaluate the needs of the Library and balance those needs with anticipated available State unrestricted resources.

Management's Discussion and Analysis February 28, 2005

The Library Funds

As we noted earlier, the Library uses funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes. Looking at funds helps you consider whether the Library is being accountable for the resources taxpayers and others provide to it but may also give you more insight into the Library overall financial health.

As the Library completed this year; our governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$155,518, which is an increase of \$23,985 from last year.

The general fund's fund balance shows an increase of \$23,985.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Uniform Budget Act requires that the Board approve the original budget for the upcoming year prior to March 1.

Over the course or the year, the Library's practice is to revise the budget as it attempts to deal with changes in revenues and expenditures. State law requires that the budget be amended to ensure expenditures do not exceed appropriations.

The Library amended their budget during the fiscal year.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At February 28, 2005, the Library had \$351,333 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including buildings, furniture and equipment.

Capital Assets at Year-end

	February 28, 2005				
	 2005		2004		
Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment	\$ 257,854 93,479	\$	257,854 84,663		
Total capital assets	\$ 351,333	\$	342,517		

Management's Discussion and Analysis February 28, 2005

Debt

At the end of this year, the Library had \$84,275 in notes outstanding versus \$112,035 last year - a decrease of \$27,760. Those bonds consisted of:

	Outstanding -	Debt at Year-end February 28, 2005	_Fet	oruary 28, 2004
Note payable - Union Bank Capital lease payable	\$	81,726 2,549	\$	112,035 0
Total	\$	84,275	\$	112,035

We present more detailed information about our long-term liabilities in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets And Rates

The library's main funding sources of operating property tax millage and state penal fines generally constitutes 90% of the revenue received by the library. This is not expected to change during the upcoming year.

Contacting the Library Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the Library's citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the Library finances and to demonstrate the Library's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact:

Connie Teachworth Librarian Lake Odessa Community Library 1007 Fourth Avenue Lake Odessa, MI 48849 (616) 374-4591 **Government – Wide Financial Statements**

Statement of Net Assets February 28, 2005

		vernmental <u>Activities</u>
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	52,470
Due from other governments	*	104,870
Total current assets		157,340
Non current assets		
Capital assets		351,333
Less: accumulated depreciation		(139,965)
Net capital assets		211,368
Total assets	\$	368,708
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	0
Accrued payroll and other liabilities	*	1,822
Accrued expense		2,678
Long-term liabilities due within one year		, -
Mortgage/lease payable-due within one year	•••	12,673
Total current liabilities		17,173
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Mortgage/lease payable-due in more than one year		71,602
Total Liabilities		88,775
Net Assets		
Investment in capital assets- net of related debt		127,093
Unrestricted		152,840
Total net assets	\$	279,933

Statement of Activities February 28, 2005

	E	xpenses		Program arges for service	Opera	es ting Grants/ tributions	Net Re	vernmental Activities (Expenses) venues and anges in Net Assets
.∹unctions/Programs	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
Governmental activities: Culture and recreation Interest on long-term debt Total governmental	\$	162,922 4,005		5,645 0		4,924 0	\$	(152,353) (4,005)
activities	\$	166,927	\$	5,645	\$	4,924		(156,358)
-	Ta Pe	nal fines not re erest and inve	estricted t		urpose poses			162,689 36,811 615 7,926
<u></u>			Total ge	neral revenue	es			208.041
_		es in net assei sets- beginnin						51,683 228,250
_	Net as:	sets-end of yea	ar			:	\$	279,933

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet February 28, 2005

-		_Ge	General Fund		Total Governmental Funds		
_	Assets	_		_			
	Cash Due from other governments	\$	52,470	\$	52,470		
_	Due nom other governments		104,870	-	104,870		
	Total assets	\$	157,340	\$	157,340		
	Liabilities and fund equity						
,,,,,,	Liabilities						
	Payroll taxes payable		1,822	_\$	1,822		
	Total liabilities		1,822		1,822		
-	Fund Equity Fund balances						
	Undesignated		155,518		155,518		
-	Total fund equity		155,518		155,518		
980	Total liabilities and						
	fund equity	\$	157,340	\$	157,340		

Governmental Funds
Reconciliation of Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Net Assets
February 28, 2005

Total Fund Balances- Governmental Funds	\$	155,518
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in government activities are not financial resources, and are not reported in the funds		
Capital assets cost: Accumulated depreciation:	\$ 351,333 (139,965)	
Net Capital Assets		211,368
Long term and other liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds		
Accrued expenses Mortgage Payable		(2,678) (84,275)

\$_

279,933

Net assets of governmental activities

Lake Odessa Community Library Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended February 28, 2005

	Revenues	General
	Property Taxes	ф. 400.000
	Penal fines	\$ 162,689
	State revenue sharing	33,222
	Interest	1,939
	Contributions - other	615
	Miscellaneous	1,924
	Miscellaneous	18,221
	Total revenues	218,610
Man.	Expenditures	
	Wages	72,604
	Payroll taxes	5,554
	Fringe benefits	4,071
	Books	16,338
	Periodicals	2,088
-	Supplies	3,014
	Repairs and maintenance	14,842
	Audio Visual	6,900
_	Co-op fees	10,835
	Insurance	3,657
	Memberships and dues	868
	Utilities	5,833
	Professional services	1,708
	Miscellaneous	10,829
	Capital outlay	3,715
-	Debt Service	
	Redemption of bonds/notes	30,309
	Interest and fiscal charges	4,005
		
	Total expenditures	197,170
	Excess of revenues	
	over (under) expenditures	21,440
	Other financing sources (uses)	
-	Lease Proceeds	2,549
	Total other financing sources(uses)	
•		2,549
	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	
-	expenditures and other sources (uses)	23,989
	Fund balances at beginning of year	131,529
•	Fund balances at end of year	\$ 155,518
	Excess (deficiency) of revenues	
	See accompanying notes to financial statements.	
•		

Lake Odessa Community LibraryReconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Statement of Activities Year Ended February 28, 2005

Net Change in Fund Balances- Total Governmental funds	\$ 23,989
Amount reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds reported capital outlays as expenditures; in the statement of activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as deprecation.	
Depreciation Expense Capital outlay	(10,308) 8,816
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but not in the statement of activities (where it reduces long-term	
debt)	31,735
Lease purchase recorded as income in governmental funds	 (2,549)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 51,683

Notes to Financial Statements February 28, 2005

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of Lake Odessa Community Library conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the Library:

Reporting Entity

The Library is governed by an appointed Board. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board for determining the various governmental organizations to be included in the reporting entity. These criteria include significant operational financial relationships that determine which of the governmental organizations are a part of the Library's reporting entity, and which organizations are legally separate, component units of the Library. Based on the application of the criteria, the district does not contain any component units.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. All the Library's government wide activities are considered governmental activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenue includes (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes, intergovernmental payments, and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenue.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements February 28, 2005

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-Wide Statements – The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants, categorical aid and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Fund Based Statements – Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, intergovernmental grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be available only when cash is received by the government.

The Library reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the library primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the district, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

Deposits and Investments – Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments. Investments are stated at fair value.

Notes to Financial Statements February 28, 2005

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Property Taxes

Property taxes and other revenues that are both measurable and available for use to finance operations are recorded as revenues when earned.

Properties are assessed as a December 31 and the related property taxes become a lien on December 1 of the following year. These taxes are due on February 14 with the final collection date of February 28 before they are added to the county tax rolls.

As part of the Ionia County Library Services contract, Ionia County levies the appropriate operating millage on a countywide basis. The County Treasurer is responsible for collecting the property taxes. The Treasurer will then remit the appropriate share to each library within the County, after settlement is made with the various taxing agencies within the County.

Capital Assets – Capital assets, which include buildings and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. The government defines capital assets as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Cost of normal repair and maintenance that do not add to the value or materially extend asset life are not capitalized. The Library does not have infrastructure type assets.

Buildings, equipments, and vehicles are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and additions 20-50 years

Furniture and other equipment 5-20 years

Long-Term Obligations – In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net assets.

Fund Equity – In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Comparative Data/Reclassifications – Comparative data is not included in the Library's financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements February 28, 2005

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Accounting Change – Effective March 1, 2004, the Library implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, Basic financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments (GASB No. 34). Changes to the Library's' financial statements as a result of GASB No. 34 are as follows:

A Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section providing analysis of the Library's overall financial position and results of operations has been included.

Capital assets in the governmental activities column of the statement of net assets include assets totaling \$342,517 previously required to be reported in the General Fixed Assets Account Group. Capital assets at March 1, 2004 have been adjusted to reflect the historical cost of the Library capital assets at that date.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements requires estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Budgetary Information – Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles and state law for the general and special revenue funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The budget document presents information by fund and function. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the function level. State law requires the Library to have its budget in place by March 1. Expenditures in excess of amounts budgeted is a violation of Michigan Law. State law permits districts to amend its budgets during the year.

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Budgeted Funds – The Library did not have significant expenditure budget variances.

Notes to Financial Statements February 28, 2005

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments

At year-end, the library deposits and investments were reported in the basic financial statements in the following categories:

Governmental		
Activities		
\$	50,648	

The breakdown between deposits and investments for the Library is as follows:

Deposits (checking and savings accounts, certicates of deposit)	\$ 50,648
Petty cash and cash on hand	 0
Total	\$ 50,648

State statutes and the Library's investment policy authorize the Library to make deposits in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations which have an office in Michigan; the Library is allowed to invest in U.S. Treasury or Agency obligation, U.S. Government repurchases agreements, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper rated prime at the same time of purchases which mature not more than 270 days after the date of purchases, mutual funds and investment pools that are composed of authorized investment vehicles. The Library's deposits are in accordance with statutory authority.

The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 3 risk disclosure for deposits at year end is as follows:

Deposits	Bank	Bank Balances		
Insured FDIC	\$	62,766		
Total deposits	\$	62,766		

At year end, the balance sheet carrying amount of deposits was \$50,648.

Note 4 - Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the library individual major funds and the non-major and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	General Fund
Receivables:	
Intergovernmental	\$ 104,870

Notes to Financial Statements February 28, 2005

Note 4 - Receivables (continued)

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenue that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned. The library had no deferred revenue at year-end.

Note 5 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity of the library Governmental activities was as follows:

	Balance February 28, 2004		Additions		Disposals and Adjustments		Balance February 28, 2005	
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings	\$	257,854	\$	0	\$	0	\$	257,854
Furniture and equipment		84,663		8,816		0		93,479
Subtotal		342,517		8,816		0		351,333
Accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings		72,199		5,157		0		77,356
Furniture and equipment		57,458		5,151		0		62,609
Subtotal		129,657		10,308		0		139,965
Net capital assets	\$	212,860	\$	(1,492)	\$	0	\$	211,368

Depreciation expense of \$10,308 was charged to activities of the library.

Note 6 - Long-Term Debt

Mortgage and capital lease payable at February 28, 2005 are comprised of the following:

Mortgage Payable

On February 4, 1997, the Library purchased a building on Fourth Avenue in Lake Odessa. As part of this purchase a Mortgage from Union Bank was obtained in the amount of \$154,000. On March 30, 1999, the Library obtained a new mortgage loan from Union Bank in the amount of \$170,986.11. The new mortgage loan proceeds were used to pay off the old mortgage loan in full and to generate approximately \$20,000 in operating capital. The new mortgage loan requires twenty annual payments beginning

Notes to Financial Statements February 28, 2005

Note 6 - Long-Term Debt (continued)

April 2, 2000 in the amount of \$14,308, including interest at a variable rate. The interest rate on February 28, 2005 was 3.5%. The final payment will be adjusted for the effects of rate changes over the life of the mortgage.

\$ 81,726

Capital Lease Payable

On March 31, 2004, the Library purchased a computer and printer through a capital lease. The Library has the option to purchase this equipment at the end of the lease, therefore, this lease was set up as a capital lease. The contract requires 3 annual payments of \$1,614.14, including imputed interest at 17.305%.

2,549

Total mortgage and capital lease payable

84,275

The following is a summary of long-term transactions for the year ended February 28, 2005:

	Mortgage and Lease Payable			
Long-term debt payable at March 1, 2004	\$	112,035		
Additions		3,975		
Deletions		(31,735)		
Long-term debt payable at February 28, 2005	\$	84,275		

The annual requirements to amortize long-term debt outstanding as of February 28, 2005, including interest payments are as follows:

	 gage and Lease Payable		
2006	\$ 		
2007	15,922		
2008	14,308		
2009	14,308		
2010	14,308		
Thereafter	 22,202		
Total	\$ 96,970		

Notes to Financial Statements February 28, 2005

Note 7 - Risk Management

The Library is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, employee injuries (workers' compensation) as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The Library has purchased commercial insurance for all risks. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 8 - Contingencies

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the Library believes such amounts, if any to be minimal.

The Library is involved in lawsuits from time to time. The ultimate outcome of any of these lawsuits cannot be presently determined; and the amount of damages, if any, cannot be determined at this time.

Note 9 - Pension Plan

As of February 28, 2005, the Library does not have a pension plan. The Library does provide a deferred compensation (Sec. 457 plan) to its employees.

Note 10 - Post-employment Benefits

The Library provides no post-employment benefits to retirees.

Required Supplemental Information

Required Supplemental Information
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund
Year Ended February 28, 2005

		Year Ended February 28, 2005				Variance		
	Budgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)			
_		Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	<u>(Un</u>	iavorable)		
Revenues	_		450.000	160 690	\$	6,089		
Property Taxes	\$	134,131	156,600	162,689	Þ	222		
Penal fines		33,000	33,000	33,222		(1,061)		
State revenue sharing		3,000	3,000	1,939 615		(285)		
Interest		900	900			824		
Contributions - other		1,100	1,100	1,924		12,821		
Miscellaneous		5,400	5,400	18,221		12,021		
Total Revenues		177,531	200,000	218,610		18.610		
Expenditures								
Wages		73,363	73,363	72,604		759		
Payroll taxes		5,677	5,677	5,554		123		
Fringe benefits		4,845	4,845	4,071		774		
Books		16,000	16,000	16,338		(338)		
Periodicals		1,800	1,800	2,088		(288)		
Supplies		3,500	3,500	3,014		486		
Repairs and maintenance		10,900	14,300	14,842		(542)		
Audio Visual		6,000	7,000	6,900		100		
Co-op fees		11,500	11,500	10,835		665		
Insurance		3,266	3,266	3,657		(391)		
Memberships and dues		1,128	1,128	868		260		
Utilities		5,508	5,508	5,833		(325)		
Professional services		1,500	1,500	1,708		(208)		
Capital outlay		2,900	2,900	3,715		(815)		
Debt payments		18,948	35,908	34,314		1,5 94		
Miscellaneous		8,705	11,805	10,829		976		
Total Expenditures		175,540	200,000	197,170		2,830		
■ Excess of Revenue Over								
(Under) Expenditures		1,991	0	21,440		21,440		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0	0	2,549		2,549		
Lease proceeds		0		2,049		2,040		
Total Other Financing Sources (Use	es)	0	0	2,549		2,549		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures and other sources (uses)		1,991	0	23,989		23,989		
Fund Balance, beginning of year		131,529	131,529	131,529		131,529		
Fund balance, end of year		133,520	131,529	155,518		23,989		
	-							